

**INKULUMO KANGOONGOOSHE WEZOKUTHUTHA, UKUPHEPHA NOKUXHUMANISA
UMPHAKATHI KWAZULU-NATAL UMNUZ WILLIES MCHUNU EMCIMBINI WOKUVULA
ISIKHUNGO SEZITHUTHI ZOMPHAKATHI EMONDLO MHLAKA 20 MARCH 2014.**

Amakhosi aseNdunkulu wonke akhona;
Imeya yoMkhandlu wabaQulusi;
Amakhansela;
Izinduna;
Amalungu ezinhlaka esisebenzisana nazo kwezokuThutha;
Umphakathi wonke;
Ngiyanibingelela nonke.

Egameni likaHulumeni waKwaZulu-Natal sifisa ukubonga ukuthola leli thuba lokuba yingxene yomcimbi obaluleke kangaka lapho sikhuluma ngezindaba zentuthuko emiphakathini yakithi.

Lo mcimbi siwuthatha njengengxene yezinhlelo zokubunga iminyaka engamashumi amabili enkululeko nentando yabantu kulelizwe. Siwuthatha njengomcimbi lapho kumele sivumelane ukuthi ngempela iKwaZulu-Natal isiyindawo engcono kakhulu kunangaphambi kuka-1994.

Siwuthatha njengomcimbi lapho kumele sivume khona ukuthi nakuba sazi ukuthi siphuma esikhathini esinjani sobandlululo, futhi sizazi nezinselelo esibhekane nazo kule minyaka edlule yenkululeko, kodwa likhona ithemba lokuthi kancane kancane sizogcina sifikile nakulabo abasasalele emuva ekutholeni impilo engcono ngokuphelele.

Kuningi-ke okwenza sibe naleli themba ikakhulukazi njengoba sivikelwa nawuMthethosisekelo wethu obalula ukuba sonke sibe namalungelo alinganayo ngaphandle kokucwasa ngebala, ubuhlanga, inkolo, ubulili njalo njalo.

Siyazi-ke ukuthi uma ukhuluma ngesikhathi esedlule lapha KwaZulu-Natal ngabe awuqedile uma ungakhulumanga ngodlame nokubulalana komnyama nomnyama. Into eyacishe yasakhela isigcwagcwongakaze usibone ngisho nakubatshali bezimali abazothuthukisa umnotho wesifundazwe sethu.

Nakuba zisekhona izindawo ezimbalwa ezisalokhu zisiphazamisa lapha laphaya, kodwa siyabona ukuthi uHulumeni nezakhamuzi zalesi sifundazwe sebesebenze kanzima ukutshala umoya wokuthula nozinzo emiphakathini eminingi.

Phela sihlale shiso ukuthi isisekelo sokuba nempilo engcono ngukuba nokuthula, intando yeningi nentuthuko.

Yingakho-ke namhlanje sesikwazi ukusho ngeqholo sithi iKwaZulu-Natal isiyindawo engcono ukuhlala kuyona kunangaphambi kuka-1994.

Kulezi zinsuku noMongameli wezwe, uJacob Gedleyi'hlekisa Zuma ugcizelela kakhulu ukuthi masiyikhulume siyimiphakathi le ndaba yokuthi ngempela impilo isishintshe kakhulu kunangaphambili kuka-1994.

Nangesonto eledlule uMsholozi wethule ngokomthetho umqingo wombiko mayelana nosekuzuziwe kule minyaka engu-20 edlule ezweni lonke.

Esikushoyo thina lapha KwaZulu-Natal nalapha eBaqulusini ngukuthi kumele sivumelane kakhulu noMsholozi ngoba kule minyaka engu-20 edlule sibone izinguquko ezinkulu nesabe singakholwa ukuthi ziyoukwenze ka sisaphila.

abantu ngaphansi kwalo Hulumeni oholwa yi-ANC sebakhelwe izindlu, bakhelwa imitholampilo, bakhelwa izikole, bahlinzekwa ngamanzi ahlanzekile, bahlinzekwa ngogesi futhi bathola imigwaqo eyitiyela namabhulohlo okuwela imifula.

Okuhlabu umxhwele futhi ngukuthi lo mehluko ongaka uhambisana nokudaleka kwamathuba emisebenzi nokuthuthukiswa kwentsha ngamakhono, ikakhulukazi kubantu bendawo okusuke kulethwe kubona intuthuko.

Ukugubha kwethu le minyaka engu-20 kwazuzwa inkululeko, kungenxa yokuthi uBaba uNelson Mandela, nalo Hulumeni bathatha isinqumo sokuthi abantu bahlinzekwe ngemali yesibonelelo ukuze ingabi bikho ingane elala ingadlile.

Siyazi ukuthi baningi abanye ababesigxeka ngale mali besho izinto ezahlukene.

Ngaphansi kwalo Hulumeni waKwaZulu-Natal, sekube nokwenyuka ngo-80% kwezikole okufundwa mahhala neziphakela abafundi ababalelw ku-2.1 million ukudla okunempilo khona ezikoleni.

Isibalo sezikole okufundwa mahhala senyuke safinyelela ku-4 739 ngonyaka odlule ka-2013, ezikoleni zomphakathi ezingu-6009 esifundazweni.

Lolu hlelo luhambisana nokuzibophezela kukaHulumeni ukulwa nendlala nobubha emiphakathini ebonakala intula kakhulu.

Lapha KwaZulu-Natal sikhazile ukwenza ngcono imiphumela ka-Grade 12 isuka ku-57.8% eminyakeni emihlanu edlule yafinyelela ku-77.4% ngonyaka odlule ka-2013.

Ngenxa yako futhi ukuba yisifundazwe esinakekelayo kanti sinabantu abaningi abampofu, kule minyaka edlule sibone zenyuka izibalo zabahlinzekwa ngemali yesibonelelo.

Njengamanje sikhulumu ngabantu ababalelwu ku-3.7 million abathola izibonelelo esifundazweni kanti ngonyaka ka-2000 babebalelwu ku-613 000.

Kumele siwuhalalisele futhi uHulumeni wethu ngaphansi kobuholi bukaKhongolose ngokuzibophezela hhayi nje ngokulwa nokucwasa okubhekiswe kwabesifazane, kodwa nangokubavulela amathuba okuthuthuka kuyo yonke imikhakha nabo babe ngaboholi abahlonishwayo.

Namhlanje lapha e-Baqulusini siholwa ngumuntu wesifazane. Ngiye ngizwe abanye bethi mhlambe uma kungahola abesifazane kwezopolitiki ngeke sibone ukubulalana kwabantu ngenxa yezikhundla njengoba sike sibone kwenzeka kwezinye izindawo.

Odabeni lokuphepha, siyazi ukuthi baningi abantu abasalokhu beba yizisulu zobugebengu. Siyazi futhi ukuthi izigebengu zingagcina seziwubuyisela emuva umsebenzi omuhle esesiwenzile kule minyaka yentando yeningi.

Yingakho-ke ngaphansi komNyango wezokuPhepha nokuXhumanisa uMphakathi sesikwazile ukwakha izinhlelo eziningi zokulwa nobugebengu ikakhulukazi ngaphansi kombimbi lokulwa nobugebengu esithi, i-United Front Against Crime.

Ngakolunye uhlangothi futhi, uHulumeni walapha KwaZulu-Natal kule minyaka edlule usungule uhlelo lokulekelela imiphakathi ukuba ibhekane nezinselelo ngokuhlanganyela, esilubiza ngokuthi u-*Operation Sukuma Sakhe*.

Ngalolu hlelo sigcizelela ukuthi izinto zidingidwe ezingeni leWadi lapho abantu behlala khona. Noma ngabe hlobo luni losizo oludingeka kuHulumeni, okungaba okazwelonke, owesifundazwe noma umasipala, indaba iqala khona lapha.

Ngenxa yokuthi umsebenzi owenziwa kulolu hlelo ufana nempi yokulwa nezinkinga ezikhungethe abantu ngokwehlukana, izigawu okuhlanganelwa kuzona sizibiza ngama-war room. Njengoba sonke-ke lapha sivela emaWadini athile, kumele wonke umuntu ayazi i-war room yangakubo.

Namhlanje-ke singumNyango wezokuThutha egameni likaHulumeni waKwaZulu-Natal sithe masizodlulisela ngokomthetho kunina mphakathi waseMondlo isikhungo sezithuthi zomphakathi.

Lokhu sikwenza ikakhulukazi ngoba njengoHulumeni ohlale ukubantu, siyazi ukuthi kumele sihlale sinazisa ngosekwensiwe nokusazokwensiwa mayelana nama-project alethwa kunina njengomphakathi.

Lokhu kuhambisana nomgomo wethu wokuthi abantu kumele babe yingxene yentuthuko elethwa kubona. Futhi kumele sikwenze lokhu ukuze ningadukiswa ngabantu ngenxa yokuthi aninalo ulwazi.

Nizokhumbula phela ukuthi ngonyaka odlule besikhona lapha sizokwethula umsebenzi wokwakhiwa komgwaqo u-P258 esesizowufaka itiyela. Ngonyaka ongaphambili sasikhona futhi lapha sizokwethula umsebenzi wokwakhiwa kwale renki.

Le ngqayizivele yerenki sifake kuyona imali engu-R19.5 million.

Kuyasijabulisa futhi ukuthi kukwazile nokuthi kuvuleke amathuba emisebenzi kubantu abacishe bafinyelele ekhulwini ngenkathi kuqhube ka umsebenzi wokwakha.

Sifisa ukugcizelela-ke lapha ukuthi kumele sibambisane ekutheni singayiphenduli le renki inkundla yempi ngenxa yemibango phakathi kwabanikazi bemboni yokuthutha umphakathi. Ukwakhiwa kwalolu holobo Iwezikhungo kwenzelwa ukuthuthukisa bona osomabhizinisi abathutha umphakathi kanye nabo abagibeli uqobo.

Izinhlelo zokwakha lezi zikhungo siziqale ngemuva kokubona ukuthi ukungabikhona kwengqalasizinda ehlizeka izithuthi zomphakathi kungenye yezinto ezenza singabi nohlelo Iwezokuthutha umphakathi oluhehayo.

Sibe sesithi ngaphansi uhlelo lokubhekela ezokuthuthwa komphakathi, esithi i-Public Transport Plans (PTP), kubalulekile-ke ukuba silungiswe lesi simo kwazise phela ukusebenza kwezithuthi zomphakathi ngendlela egculisayo kulekelela nasekukhuliseni umnotho njengoba zisetshenziswa ngabantu abahola kancane ababalelw ka-90%.

Ubufakazi obukhona futhi buveza ukuthi ukungabi nengqalasizinda ekahele yezithuthi zomphakathi kunomthelela ekunukeni kwezindleko zokuqhuba umsebenzi okugcina sekuba ngabagibeli abathwala lezo zindleko.

Siyakholelwa futhi ukuthi ukuba nengqalasizinda esezingeni elihle kungasiza kakhulu ukukhuthaza ukusetshenziswa kwezithuthi zomphakathi esikhundleni sokuthi umuntu nomuntu asebenzise imoto yakhe ngoba loko kwakha isiminyaminya ezindaweni ezingamadolobha namalokishi, ikakhulukazi ngezikhathi zokuya nokubuya kwabantu emisebenzini nasezikoleni.

Sengiphetha, ngithatha leli thuba ukuba ngicizelele ukuthi njengoba sibheke okhethweni ngoMay, sinxusa yonke imiphakathi ukuba ihloniphe umthetho ngesikhathi sokhetho.

Ukuzibophezela emgomweni wokuziphatha okwenziwa ngamaqembu ethu epolitiki ngesikhathi sokhetho, kumele sikubone kuthela izithelo ezingeni labalandeli.

Akekho umuntu okumele aphoqe noma asabise omunye noma amphoqe ukuba aqoke iqembu elithile ngenkani ngalesi khathi sokhetho. Ngakho-ke uma kukhona umuntu oniqhathayo odala ukuba nilwe anokwazi ukuthi lowo muntu yisigilamkhuba okumele nisibike kwabomthetho.

Umuntu owenza loko kusho ukuthi akayifuni inqubekela phambili, futhi ulwisana nentando yeningi, ngakho kumele abhekane nabomthetho.

Ngiyabonga.